CS161 Summer 2025

Introduction to Computer Security

Exam Prep 12

Q1	Intrusion Detection Scenarios	(SU21 Final	Q8)
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(12 points)

For each scenario below, select the best detector or detection method for the attack.

- Q1.1 (3 points) The attacker constructs a path traversal attack with URL escaping: %2e%2e%2f%2e%2e%2f.

 O NIDS, because of interpretation issues
 - HIDS, because of interpretation issues
 - O HIDS, because of cost

NIDS, because of cost

Solution: This path traversal attack is masked using percent encoding in URLs. A traditional NIDS might not recognize this since it is specific to HTTP servers, so a HIDS would be the best option here in order of avoid the interpretation issues of percent encoding.

- Q1.2 (3 points) The attacker is attacking a large network with hundreds of computers, and a detector must be installed as quickly as possible.
 - O NIDS, because of interpretation issues
 - NIDS, because of cost
 - O HIDS, because of interpretation issues
 - O HIDS, because of cost

Solution: A major advantage of NIDS is that they can be quickly installed in order to cover an entire network. Because of the time constraints, the NIDS would be the best in order to mitigate the time cost.

Question 1 continued)				
Q1.3 (3 points) The attacker constructs an attack that is encrypted with HTTPS.				
○ NIDS, because of interpretation issues				
○ NIDS, because of cost				
● HIDS, because of interpretation issues				
O HIDS, because of cost				
Solution: A NIDS is not able to decrypt data since it doesn't have the keys that are stored on the host. Thus, only the host can decrypt an interpret the requests, and a HIDS would be the best IDS to use here.				
Q1.4 (3 points) The attacker constructs a buffer overflow attack using shellcode they found online in a database of common attacks.				
● Signature-based				
O Specification-based				
O Anomaly-based				
O Behavioral				
Solution: This shellcode is easily obtainable and has not been modified, so a signature that matches the exact shellcode would be most effective in detecting this attack.				

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Q2 Top-Secret Security (14 points)

	network-based intrusion detec	abot's secret server farm. All incoming network stion system (NIDS), as well as a firewall. Outside
Q2.1 (3 points) Which of path. Select all that		ventable in this setup? Assume the attacker is on-
RST Injection	Attack	Reflected XSS Attack
SQL Injection	Attack	None of the above
potential vul • SQL Injectio security and • Reflected XS of detecting	nerability n Attack - these attacks are firewalls don't protect against S Attack - same reasoning as these over HTTP, it wouldn't these attacks are always prev	generally application-layer (so transport-layer them) above. Additionally, even if NIDS were capable be able to see any payloads under HTTPS. ventable in this setup? Assume the attacker is on-
SYN Flooding	Attack	DDoS Attack
☐ DNS Spoofing	Attack	☐ None of the above
DNS Spoofin DDoS Attack Q2.3 (3 points) An attack	g Attack - none of the defense a - not much a NIDS can do he er injects malicious code on a	
HIDS	O NIDS	O Firewall

happening!

Solution: Only a host-based system would be able to detect and/or prevent this attack from

Q2.4 (5 points) Ben, a computer scientist at the top-secret site, has a HIDS installed on his work laptop. He decides to sign into his personal email account, claiming that HTTPS will stop his employer (EvanBot) from seeing his emails. Is he correct? Justify your answer in 1–2 sentences.

0	Yes	No
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Solution: Host-based intrusion detection systems are capable of reading data inbound/outbound HTTPS connections, so Ben's use of HTTPS doesn't really help him here.

We also accepted yes as an answer if it was justified by claiming he could use an email client that the HIDS didn't have access to.